PLTW Aerospace Engineering Course Framework



PLTW Framework - Overview

PLTW Frameworks are representations of the knowledge, skills, and understandings that empower students to thrive in an evolving world. The PLTW Frameworks define the scope of learning and instruction within the PLTW curricula. The framework structure is organized by four levels of understanding that build upon each other: Knowledge and Skills, Objectives, Domains, and Competencies.

The most fundamental level of learning is defined by course Knowledge and Skills statements. Each Knowledge and Skills statement reflects specifically what students will know and be able to do after they've had the opportunity to learn the course content. Students apply Knowledge and Skills to achieve learning Objectives, which are skills that directly relate to the workplace or applied academic settings. Objectives are organized by higher-level Domains.

Domains are areas of in-demand expertise that an employer in a specific field may seek; they are key understandings and long-term takeaways that go beyond factual knowledge into broader, conceptual comprehension.

At the highest level, Competencies are general characterizations of the transportable skills that benefit students in various professional and academic pursuits. As a whole, the PLTW Frameworks illustrate the deep and relevant learning opportunities students experience from PLTW courses and demonstrate how the courses prepare students for life, not just the next grade level.

To thrive in an evolving world, students need skills that will benefit them regardless of the career path they choose. PLTW Frameworks are organized to showcase alignment to in-demand, transportable skills. This alignment ensures that students learn skills that are increasingly important in the rapidly advancing, innovative workplace.

Essential Questions

- 1.1 1 What role has technology played in the evolution of flight?
- 1.1 2 What role has society played in the evolution of flight?
- 1.1 3 What role has the evolution of flight played in the culture of the society?
- 1.1 4 How does knowledge of aerospace history provide insight to future innovation?
- 1.2 1 How are aircraft controlled in flight?
- 1.2 2 How do aircraft use the thin fluid of air to sustain flight?
- 1.2 3 What is essential for aircraft to fly?
- 1.2 4 How does using a design process iterate to an optimal solution?
- 1.3 1 How can skills and knowledge learned from a simulator be applied to a physical aircraft?
- 1.3 2 How can a system maintain safety in a complex environment?
- 1.3 3 How can an environment be modeled accurately?
- 2.1 1 How do material properties affect an aircraft design?
- 2.1 2 Why must designers and engineers calculate forces acting on bodies and structures?
- 2.1 3 How does an engineer predict the performance and safety of a selected material?

- 2.2 1 How does an airplane produce thrust?
- 2.2 2 How does an airplane use the thin fluid of air to propel itself?
- 2.2 3 How do a propeller and a jet propulsion system appear similar, yet both are quite different?
- 2.3 1 How do human factors affect aerospace engineering design?
- 2.3 2 How does communication between humans affect aerospace engineering design?
- 2.3 3 How can the risk of aviation accidents be minimized?
- 3.1 1 What is the universe?
- 3.1 2 Why is space law necessary?
- 3.1 3 How does space junk affect our future?
- 3.2 1 How do satellites impact our daily lives?
- 3.2 2 What is an orbit and how is it described?
- 3.2 3 What keeps an object in orbit?
- 3.2 4 How does modeling software improve a design process?
- 3.2 5 How does an orbital pattern affect the success of a satellite mission?
- 4.1 1 How can aerospace engineering concepts be applied to solve problems that are not directly related to aircraft?
- 4.1 2 How does aerospace engineering affect the global economy?
- 4.1 3 How can air movement be transferred into usable electrical energy?
- 4.2 1 How can mechanical, electrical, and software systems be integrated to solve a problem?
- 4.2 2 How can a team be diversified to enhance a design process?
- 4.2 3 What future applications for remote systems do you predict?
- 4.3 1 How do you want to be remembered as a professional?
- 4.3 2 What and who are reliable sources for career advice?
- 4.3 3 What resources can be used to develop a career plan?

Transportable Knowledge ar	nd Skills
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Core workplace skills that students and workers need to acquire, that can be used across all stages of a career, and that, because of their universal utility, are transportable from job to job, from employer to employer, across the economy.

Career Readiness (CAR):

Engineers use professional skills and knowledge to pursue opportunities and create sustainable solutions to improve and enhance the quality of life of individuals and society.

CAR-A. Describe and distinguish among the different disciplines of engineering.

CAR-A.1 Explain that engineering disciplines continue to evolve and emerge as new interdisciplinary fields or sub-disciplines to better meet the needs of society. Examples include: Aerospace Engineering, Biomedical Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Computer Engineering, Structural Engineering, and Water Resource Engineering.

CAR-B. Strive to create sustainable solutions to meet the needs of society, without compromising the ability of future society to meet their needs.

CAR-B.1 Identify principles that help guide development of sustainable solutions.

Considerations for sustainable development include people, planet, and profit.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 | 4.1 4.2 4.3 |

Communication (COM):

Engineering practice requires effective communication with a variety of audiences using multiple modalities.

COM-A. Communicate effectively with an audience based on audience characteristics.

COM-A.1 Adhere to established conventions of written, oral, and electronic communications (grammar, spelling, usage, and mechanics).

COM-A.2 Follow acceptable formats for technical writing and professional presentations.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 | 4.1 4.2 4.3 |

COM-A.3 Properly cite references for all communication in an accepted format.

COM-A.4 Clearly label tables and figures with units and explain the information presented in context.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 | 4.1 4.2 4.3

Collaboration (COL):													
Demonstrate an ability to function on multidisciplinary teams. COL-A. Facilitate an effective team environment to promote successful goal attainment. COL-A.1 Contribute individually to overall collaborative efforts.													
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1 •	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1 ✓	3.2	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 □	
Critical and Creative Problem-Solving (CCP): The skills pecessary for students to generate ideas and solutions to problems													
The skills necessary for students to generate ideas and solutions to problems. CCP-A. Explain and justify an engineering design process. CCP-A.1 Describe major steps of a design process and identify tasks involved in each step.													
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	4.1 •	4.2 □	4.3 □	
CCP-A.2	Document a des practices.	ign p	roce	ss in	an en	gine	ering ı	noteb	ook a	ccord	ing to	o best	
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 •	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 □	
to suppor	CCP-B. Collect, analyze, and interpret information relevant to the problem or opportunity at hand to support engineering decisions. CCP-B.1 Find relevant data in credible sources such as literature, databases, and policy documents.												
	Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1 ✓	3.2 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	
CCP-C. Synthesiz CCP-C.1	e an ill-formed pr Identify and defir realistic constrai	ne vis	sual,	funct	ional,	and	struct	ural c	design	requi	irem		
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 •	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 □	
CCP-C.2	List potential cor Examples includ health and safety	e ecc	nom	nic (co	ost), e	nviro	nmer	ıtal, s	ocial,	politic	al, e	thical,	
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 •	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 □	
CCP-D. Generate multiple potential solution concepts. CCP-D.1 Represent concepts using a variety of visual tools, such as sketches, graphs, and charts, to communicate details of an idea.												s, graphs,	
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3	

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3	CCP-E.	E. Develop models to represent design alternatives and generate data to inform decision making, test alternatives, and demonstrate solutions. CCP-E.1 Use a model to accurately represent the key aspects of an object, system or process.												
Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 CCP-F. Select a solution path from many options to successfully address a problem or opportunity. CCP-F.1 Explain that there are often multiple viable solutions and no obvious best solution. Tradeoffs must be considered and evaluated consistently throughout an engineering design process. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.3				1.1	1.2	1.3			2.3	3.1		4.1		4.3
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CCP-G. Make judgments and decisions based on evidence. CCP-G.1 Evaluate evidence and arguments to identify deficiencies, limitations, and biases or appropriate next steps in the pursuit of a better solution. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 CCP-H. Demonstrate independent thinking and self-direction in pursuit of accomplishing a goal CCP-H.1 Plan and use time in pursuit of accomplishing a goal without direct oversight Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 CCP-H.2 Plan how to gain additional knowledge and learning to accomplish a goal. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 CCP-I. Demonstrate flexibility and adaptability to change. CCP-I.1 Adapt to varied roles, job responsibilities, schedules, and contexts. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 CCP-I.2 Use praise, setbacks, and feedback to positively influence one's professional development. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 CCP-J. Persevere to solve a problem or achieve a goal. CCP-J. Reflect critically on past experiences to inform future progress. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3		CCP-F.1	solution. Tradeo	ffs m	ust b	e con	sider							
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CCP-J.1 Reflect critically on past experiences to inform future progress. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3			Lesson:	1.1	1.2 □	1.3	2.1		2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1		
	CCP-J.		•				•		form f	uture	progi	ess.		
			Lesson:	1.1		1.3	2.1		2.3	3.1	3.2			4.3

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Every career field requires technical literacy ar	nd career-specific knowledge and skills to support
professional practice.	

Aerospace Industry Knowledge (AIK):

The aerospace industry evolved through building upon the research and testing of previous aerospace accomplishments and failures.

AIK-A. Analyze t	he cause and effe	ect of	an a	aerosi	oace e	enair	eerin	a eve	nt.			
•	Identify the correaerospace engin	ect se	equei			•	•	_		ajor e	vents	s in
	Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
AIK-A.2	Describe the cau developments.	ıse-a	nd-e	ffect r	elatio	nshi	o that	led to	aero	space	Э	
	Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
AIK-B. Predict fu	ture aerospace e	ngine	erin	g dev	elopm	ents	•		,			
AIK-B.1	Describe major of	devel	opm	ent tre	ends i	n Ae	rospa	ce Er	nginee	ring.		
	Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
AIK-B.2	Describe future a	aeros	space	e engi	neerir	ng ne	eds.		ų.			
	Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 ✓
AIK-B.3	Relate past aero events.	spac	e en	ginee	ring c	ause	-and-	effect	relati	onshi	ps to	future
	Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3
rithms and Progra	amming (AAP):				ı				I			

Algo

A remote system integrates mechanical, electrical, and software elements into a single system that is operated remotely or autonomously.

AAP-A. Design an unmanned system.

AAP-A.1 Describe applications of an unmanned system.

Lesson: 1.1	1.2	1.5	۷.۱	۷.۷	2.3	J. I	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3
									✓	

AAP-A.2 Describe the application of a control system in an unmanned system.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3

AAP-A.3 Describe the application of a mechanical design in an unmanned system.

2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3

AAP-B.		a control program		of pse	eudoc	ode t	o dev	/elop	a con	itrol pr	ograr	n.	
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2				2.3			4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 □
	AAP-B.2	Create pseudoco	ode to	o per	form	a sim	ole ta	ask.		ı			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1		4.3 □
	AAP-B.3	Describe the app	licati	on o	f inpu	ts and	d out	puts ii	n the	desigr	n of a	syst	em.
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 □
Engineering	Tools and	d Technology (ET	T):		'					Ţ.			
		ering requires the nniques, and tech				math	emat	ical p	rincip	les an	d cor	nmo	n
		ariety of measurir	_	_		asure	and	repor	t qua	ntities	accu	ratel	y and to a
	-	appropriate for th Explain that all m quantity.	-	-		are an	арр	roxim	ation	of the	true	value	e of a
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
ETT-B.	F-B. Use a spreadsheet application to help identify and/or solve a problem. ETT-B.1 Populate a spreadsheet application with data and organize the data to be useful in accomplishing a specific goal.												
		Lesson:		•	1.3	2.1	2.2		3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 □
	ETT-B.2	Use the functions analyze, and pre				in a s	prea	dshee	et app	olicatio	n to	mani	pulate,
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 □
ETT-C.		physical objects Identify basic ha	_	-				•		e their	funct	ion.	
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1 •	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3 □
	ETT-C.2	Describe a proce communication,				•	•			on a c	once	otual	
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	ETT-C.3	Demonstrate use	of h	and	tools	and s	hop t	tools.		ı			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1 •	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3 □

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ETT-D.	 -D. Apply computational thinking to generalize and solve a problem using a computer. ETT-D.1 Interact with content-specific models and simulation to support learning and research. 												
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3
	ETT-D.2	Use modeling an	ıd sin	nulat	ion to	repre	esent	and i	under	stand	natur	al ph	nenomena.
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1	3.2 ▼	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3
	ETT-D.3	Develop an algor	rithm	(ste	p-by-	step p	roce	ss) fo	rsolv	ing a	proble	em.	
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 •	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3
	ETT-D.4	Identify, test, and	d imp	leme	ent po	ssible	solu	ıtions	to a p	oroble	m usi	ng a	computer.
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	2.1	2.2 •	2.3	3.1	3.2 •	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 □
	ETT-D.5	Automate a solut	tion u	using	algoi	rithmic	thin	king.		'			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ▼	4.1 	4.2 ✓	4.3 □
Fundamenta	als of Fligh	it (FOF):				ļ.		'		'			
engineering	design.	edge of how aircra										spac	ce
	•	he interaction of the Identify the three			•		of at	mosp	heric	flight.			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 □	3.1	3.2	4.1 □	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-A.2	Describe the mot	tion o	of an	aircra	aft abo	out th	ne thre	e ax	es.			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3
	FOF-A.3	Describe the four	r forc	es o	f fligh	t.		!		!			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 □	3.1	3.2	4.1 	4.2 □	4.3 □

FOF-B. Analyze aircraft stability ar FOF-B.1 Identify major co													
Lesson:	1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1	4.2 4.3 ·											
	OF-B.2 Describe how the fixed and moveable components of an aircraft affect its stability and control.												
Lesson:	1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1	4.2 4.3 ✓ □											
FOF-B.3 Describe how pi	ot inputs control the movable components of a	n aircraft.											
Lesson:	1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1	4.2 4.3 ✓ □											
FOF-C. Analyze the effect of weigh													
FOF-C.1 Explain the impo	tance of weight and balance of an aircraft.												
Lesson:	1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1	4.2 4.3 □ □											
FOF-C.2 Calculate the ce	ter of gravity of geometric shapes.												
Lesson:	1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1	4.2 4.3 □ □											
FOF-C.3 Calculate the ce	ter of gravity of an aircraft.												
Lesson:	1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1	4.2 4.3 □ □											
FOF-C.4 Design the weig	t distribution plan of an aircraft for a safe flight	condition.											
Lesson:	1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1	4.2 4.3 □ □											

FOF-D.	Design ar	n airfoil. Label componen	ts of	an a	irfoil								
	101 0.1	Lesson:			i	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3
				•									
	FOF-D.2	Describe how lift		_	_			-					
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	2.1 □	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1 □	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-D.3	Apply atmospher	ric ca	lcula	tions	to air	foil d	esign.					
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-D.4	Apply the lift equ	ation	to a	n airfo	oil.		<u>'</u>		'			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-D.5	Apply the drag e	quati	on to	an ai	rfoil.		!		!			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 □	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
FOF-E.	_	n aircraft and space Identify aircraft a		-		-			ms a	nd the	eir cha	aracte	eristics.
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-E.2	Predict the effect	t of c	hang	jing er	ngine	varia	ables	on the	e prop	ulsio	n per	formance.
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
	FOF-E.3	Apply propulsion					_				-		
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
FOF-F.	•	rocket for stable f Use a rocket eng	_		rmanc	e cha	art.						
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-F.2	Describe how ce performance.	nter	of pr	essure	e and	cent	ter of	gravit	y affe	ct roc	ket	
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 •	2.3 □	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-F.3	Predict the stabil	ity of	a ro	cket fo	or sta	ble f	light.		!			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 •	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □

		ospace concepts Explain how aerd systems.			•	•			an be	appli	ed to	non-	aerospace
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3 □
	FOF-G.2	Identify aerospac	ce eq	luatio	ons wi	hich c	an b	e app	lied to	non-	aeros	space	e systems.
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3
FOF-H.	•	rcraft and spacec Describe how hu				•		ed by	flight.	l			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-H.2	Describe aircraft	syst	ems	that a	dapt t	to hu	man p	ohysio	ology.			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3
	FOF-H.3	Measure human	reac	tion t	ime a	nd se	nsor	y acu	ity.	,			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
	FOF-H.4	Describe how hu	man	facto	ors aff	fect a	erosp	pace s	syster	n des	ign.		
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3
Flight Opera	ations (FOI	P):			'			'		,			
-	Interpret a	g design is intertwaircraft navigation Describe the fund	syst	ems.	·	•				-	ı .		
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3 •	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
	FOP-A.2	Interpret navigati	on s	yster	n read	dings.		'		ı			
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3

FOP-B. Design a solution to an aircraft traffic dilemma. FOP-B.1 Describe the purpose and function of an air traffic control system.													
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3 •	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3
	FOP-B.2 Predict position information for aircraft.												
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3 ✓	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □
FOP-B.3 Analyze an aircraft interaction scenario.													
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3
FOP-C. Analyze an aircraft accident to determine probable cause. FOP-C.1 Describe typical factors that contribute to an aircraft accident.													
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3
FOP-C.2 Explain how to research information about an aviation accident.													
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1 •	4.2	4.3
FOP-D. Operate an aircraft in a virtual environment. FOP-D.1 Explain how the flight controls interact with the aircraft.													
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	1.3 ✓	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3
FOP-D.2 Demonstrate the ability to maintain control of a simulated aircraft.													
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3 ✓	2.1 □	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □

Materials and Structures (MAS): Products designed by aerospace engineering rely on the selection of appropriate materials and the application. MAS-A. Analyze the mechanical properties of material. MAS-A.1 Explain the importance of mechanical properties of materials to the structure of an aircraft. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 MAS-A.2 Describe the procedure to mechanically test material. 2.1 2.2 2.3 Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 **✓** MAS-A.3 Identify equations that interrelate deflection, moment of inertia, and modulus of elasticity of a structure. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 **✓** MAS-A.4 Measure mechanical properties of a material. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 MAS-B. Design an aircraft structure. MAS-B.1 Describe common aerospace materials, properties, and applications. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 **✓** MAS-B.2 Recognize the impact of loading conditions on a structure. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 ✓ Space Flight (SFL): An aerospace engineer needs a foundation of technical knowledge, such as orbital mechanics, and non-technical knowledge, such as global governance of space issues. SFL-A. Analyze an issue to which space law applies. SFL-A.1 Explain how global governance applies to space issues. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 **✓** SFL-A.2 Describe how commercial organizations contribute to space-related activities. Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 4.1 4.2 4.3 **✓** SFL-A.3 Identify the effect that space junk has on space-based activities.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 1.3

4.1 4.2 4.3

3.1 3.2

✓

2.1 2.2 2.3

SFL-B. Apply orbital mechanics equations to an orbiting body. SFL-B.1 Describe the six Keplerian elements.												
	Lesson:			1.3	2.1			3.1	3.2 ✓			4.3
SFL-B.2	Identify orbital m	echar	nics	equat	tions.			I		ı		
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1 □	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
SFL-B.3 Identify the energy forms within an orbital body.												
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	4.1	4.2	4.3 □
SFL-C. Model an orbital system.												
SFL-C.1 Describe common satellite orbital patterns and applications.												
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 •	4.1	4.2 _	4.3 □
SFL-C.2	Describe how ar a satellite system		al m	echai	nics n	node	ling so	oftwa	re car	be ap	plied	d to design
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2 •	4.1	4.2	4.3